## Amendments to the Claims:

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Original) A process for preparing a polyamine derivative, comprising:
(a) reacting at least one polyamine wherein one or more polyamines, each
with one or more NH2 functions and one or more second amine functions, said second amine
functions having a lower lactone reactivity than said NH2-functions, is reacted in a first step
with at least one member selected from the group consisting of one or more-lactones,
hydroxyacids, cyclic carbonates, or and mixtures thereof, to form a polyamine derived
compound,
wherein:
each of the polyamines comprises at least one -NH <sub>2</sub> functional group
and at least one second amine functional group, the second amine functional group having a
lower lactone reactivity than the -NH <sub>2</sub> functional group, and
the polyamine-derived compound having at least one of an amide and
an urethane group; and
with amide and/or urethane groups, which polyamine-derived compound is reacted in a
second-step
(b) reacting the polyamine-derived compound with an amine modifier and
at least one or more at least bifunctional amine-specific reagents reagent to form an
intermediate, the amine-specific reagent having at least two amine-specific functional groups,
and optionally comprising ester and/or carbonate groups, wherein in the second step
optionally an additional an amine modifier of given by formula III):
$(Y)_x(Y'')_y(Y')_zNH_{3-x-y-z}$ III)
wherein:

x is an integer of 0, 1 or 2,
y is an integer of 0, 1 or 2,
z is an integer of 0 or 1,—wherein
x+y is 1 or 2,
x+y+z is 1 or 2,
Y represents an (anchoring) anchoring moiety with affinity for a
pigment surface or substrate,
Y" represents a (stabilising) stabilising moiety with affinity for-the a
matrix, and
Y' represents a further group that is neither an anchoring moiety nor a
stabilising-moiety, is co-reacted moiety;

and in the intermediate at least two polyamine residues, or if a modifier is co-reacted, wherein the intermediate comprises at least one polyamine residue and at least one optional amine modifier-residue, residue are linked by the bifunctional-amine-specific reagent.

- 2. (Currently Amended) A-The process according to claim 1, wherein in the second step an intermediate comprising comprises at least two polyamine residues is formed.
- 3. (Currently Amended) A-The process according to claim 1, wherein thea number of lactone, hydroxy acid, and/or cyclic carbonate molecules is from 0.1 to 10 times the number of -NH<sub>2</sub> functional groups of the polyamine.
- 4. (Currently Amended) A-The process according to claim 1, wherein the bifunctional amine-specific reagent is used present in an amount such that the a number of amine-reactive -groups corresponds to is from 0.1 to 10 times the a sum of the a number of second amine functions functional groups of the polyamine-derived compound and the a number of amine functions functional groups of the optional amine modifier.

 $W + R^{1} + N + R^{2} + NH_{2}$ I<del>),</del> wherein where: \_q is an integer from 1 to 10, wherein R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup>, independently, are each independently selected from an alkylene group with from 1 to 10 carbon atoms, wherein each of R<sup>3</sup>; is independently, is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyalkyls, alkylamines, polyalkylamines, and polyalkylpolyamines, and wherein W is a hydroxy or an amine. (Currently Amended) A process according to claim 1, which comprises a 6. further step wherein one or more of the wherein: at least one of the polyamine-derived compound and the intermediate comprises at least one -OH group; and the process further comprises reacting the at least one -OH groups group of the polyamine-derived compound or the intermediate which are present after the first step are reacted-to attach a matrix-compatible moiety with having a molecular weight of more than 250 to said-the polyamine-derived compound or the intermediate, with said further step being conducted either between the first and second steps or, preferably, after the second step. (Currently Amended) A-The process according to claim 5 claim 6, wherein: 7. reacting the at least one -OH-groups group comprises reacting the at least one -OH group with are reacted with one or more at least one-compounds compound selected

from the group consisting of epoxides, lactones, cyclic carbonates, <u>and</u> hydroxy acids, <u>and</u>

other suitable conventional reactants to form polyesters, to form <u>a</u> matrix-compatible <u>moiety</u>;

and

the matrix-compatible moiety comprises a linear or branched, substituted or

unsubstituted, preferably unsubstituted, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>30</sub> alkyl, <u>a</u> polyester, <u>a</u> polyether, <u>a</u> polyetherester

or <u>a</u> polyesterether groups group.

- 8. (Canceled)
- 9. (Currently Amended) Polyamine A polyamine derivative of given by formula II-:

 $\Pi$ 

wherein:

\_\_\_\_\_\_each R^4NR^1ZR^2NH moiety is a residue of a polyamine;:

\_\_\_\_\_\_each C(O)[O]R^6O moiety is a residue of a lactone, hydroxyacid and/or cyclic carbonate;;

\_\_\_\_\_\_L is a residue of an at least bifunctional amine-specific reagent;;

\_\_\_\_\_\_R^4-and R^2 are as defined above for formula I) R^1 and R^2 are each independently an alkylene group with from 1 to 10 carbon atoms;;

\_\_\_\_\_\_each index o will is independently be 0 or 1;;

\_\_\_\_\_\_index p represents the average number of moiety C(O)[O]R^6O per R^4NR^1ZR^2NH moiety and has a value ranging from 0.1 to 30;;

each X is hydrogen or, wholly or partly, a substituted or unsubstituted, linear
or branched, hydrocarbon group, a polyester, a polyether, a polyetherester or a polyesterether
group <del>, ;</del>
index s represents an integer of 1 to 10, wherein if s is 1, the amine-specific
reagent L is further reacted with a compound of formula III as defined above an amine
modifier being given by formula III
$(Y)_{\underline{x}}(Y'')_{\underline{y}}(Y')_{\underline{z}}NH_{3-x-y-z}$
wherein:
x  is  0, 1  or  2,
y is 0, 1 or 2,
<u>z is 0 or 1,</u>
$\underline{x+y \text{ is 1 or 2}}$
x+y+z is 1 or 2,
Y is an anchoring moiety with affinity for a pigment surface or
substrate,
Y" is a stabilising moiety with affinity for a matrix, and
Y' is a further group that is neither an anchoring moiety nor a
stabilising moiety-;
R <sup>3</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,
hydroxyalkyls, alkylamines, polyalkylamines and polyalkylpolyamine;
R <sup>4</sup> represents a group R <sup>3</sup> minus a proton,;
R <sup>3</sup> is as defined above for formula I),Z presents a group W' [R <sup>1</sup> -NR <sup>5</sup> ] <sub>q-1</sub> -, Z- represents a
group W'-[R <sup>1</sup> -NR <sup>5</sup> ] <sub>q-1</sub> , wherein W' is W as defined for formula I above a hydroxy or an
amine or the reaction product of group W the hydroxy or the amine with at least one lactone,
hydroxyacid, and/or cyclic carbonate; and

each R<sup>5</sup> independently is a group R<sup>3</sup> or the reaction product of R<sup>3</sup> with amine-specific reagent L.

- 10. (Currently Amended) Polyamine A polyamine derivative obtainable obtained by a-the process according to claim 1.
  - 11-12. (Canceled).
- 13. (Previously Presented) A printing ink formulation, comprising the polyamine derivative of claim 9.
- 14. (Previously Presented) A coating composition, comprising the polyamine derivative of claim 9.
- 15. (Previously Presented) A pigment dispersant, comprising the polyamine derivative of claim 9.
- 16. (Previously Presented) A printing ink formulation, comprising the polyamine derivative of claim 10.
- 17. (Previously Presented) A coating composition, comprising the polyamine derivative of claim 10.
- 18. (Previously Presented) A pigment dispersant, comprising the polyamine derivative of claim 10.
  - 19. (New) A process for preparing a polyamine derivative, comprising:
- (a) reacting at least one polyamine with at least one member selected from the group consisting of lactones, hydroxyacids, cyclic carbonates, and mixtures thereof, to form a polyamine derived compound,

## wherein:

each of the polyamines comprises at least one  $-NH_2$  functional group and at least one second amine functional group, the second amine functional group having a lower lactone reactivity than the  $-NH_2$  functional group, and

the polyamine-derived compound comprises at least one of an amide and urethane group; and

(b) reacting the polyamine-derived compound with at least one amine-specific reagent, and optionally with an amine modifier, to form an intermediate, the amine-specific reagent having at least two amine-specific functional groups, and the amine modifier being given by formula III:

$$(Y)_x(Y'')_y(Y')_zNH_{3-x-y-z}$$

wherein:

x is an integer of 0, 1 or 2,

y is an integer of 0, 1 or 2,

z is an integer of 0 or 1,

x+y is 1 or 2,

x+y+z is 1 or 2,

Y represents an anchoring moiety with affinity for a pigment surface or substrate,

Y" represents a stabilising moiety with affinity for a matrix, and

Y' represents a further group that is neither an anchoring moiety or a stabilising moiety;

wherein the intermediate comprises at least two polyamine residues linked by the amine-specific reagent, or if an amine modifier is used, the intermediate comprises at least one polyamine residue and at least one amine modifier residue linked by the amine-specific reagent, and

the intermediate having an anchoring moiety with affinity for a pigment surface or substrate, and a stabilising moiety with affinity for a matrix.